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DESCRIPTION OF A NEW SPECIES OF SIAGONIUM FROM NEW ZEALAND.

BY MALCOLM CAMERON, M.B., R.N., F.E.S.

Siagonium hudsoni n. sp.

Depressed, black, shining, the apex of the abdomen pitchy red. Antennae dark ferruginous red. Legs reddish-testaceous. Length 5.75-6.5 mm.

Larger than S. mjöbergi Bernh, and with unarmed head and without trace of a reddish marking on the elytra. Head transverse, the eyes small but rather prominent, the anterior margin gently rounded in the middle, at the sides passing obliquely backwards to the large antennal tubercles; within the tubercles on either side broadly and superficially impressed, the space between the impressions slightly convex; base with a transverse sulcus, neck with a few small punctures, antennal tubercles impunctate, the vertex and sides very finely and very sparingly punctured, towards the front less finely and less sparingly. Antennae in d almost as long as the body, in the Q distinctly shorter. Thorax transverse, wider than the head, the sides for the anterior two-thirds practically parallel, the posterior third narrowed and sinuate to the obtuse posterior angles, middle of the disc with well-defined, impunctate sulcus nearly reaching the anterior and posterior borders, the posterior angles with a small fovea, finely and irregularly punctured. Elytra a little narrower and about twice as long as the thorax, the disc of each with five fine, indistinctly punctured striae, the four outer ones not reaching the base, the interstices impunctate, the epipleura very finely punctured. Abdomen coriaceous, finely and irregularly punctured.

New Zealand: Wellington, Karaka Grove. (G. V. Hudson.) Type in the British Museum.

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DESCRIPTIONS OF TWO NEW GENERA OF TERMITOPHILOUS STAPHYLINIDAE FROM INDIA.

BY MALCOLM CAMERON, M.B., R.N., F.E.S.

Rhopalinda n. gen.

In facies approaching Dorylophila sub.-gen. Dorylophilina, but with the antennae much more strongly clavate and the thorax much more transverse. Head transverse, free, the temples not bordered, the gular sutures parallel, widely separated, the neck about a fourth of the width of the base. Antennae 11-jointed, strongly clavate from the 4th joint. Labrum bilobed to the base, membranous between the lobes. Mandibles short, stout, pointed, edentate, with ciliate membrane. Maxillary palpi with the 3rd joint a little longer than the 2nd, elongate-oval, scarcely dilated towards the apex, 4th subulate, about one-third as long as the 3rd. Outer lobe of the maxilla densely ciliate at the apex; inner lobe densely ciliate internally. Mentum trapezoidal, narrowed in front and broadly emarginate. Labial palpi 3-jointed, the 1st joint stout, twice as long as broad, the 2nd narrower, about half as long as the 1st, 3rd much narrower than the 2nd and more than twice as long. Tongue short, broad, rounded in front with a small triangular emargination. Paraglossae distinct. Thorax more than twice as broad as long, in the middle with two strongly elevated, longitudinal keels enclosing a broad, median, oval space, externally